

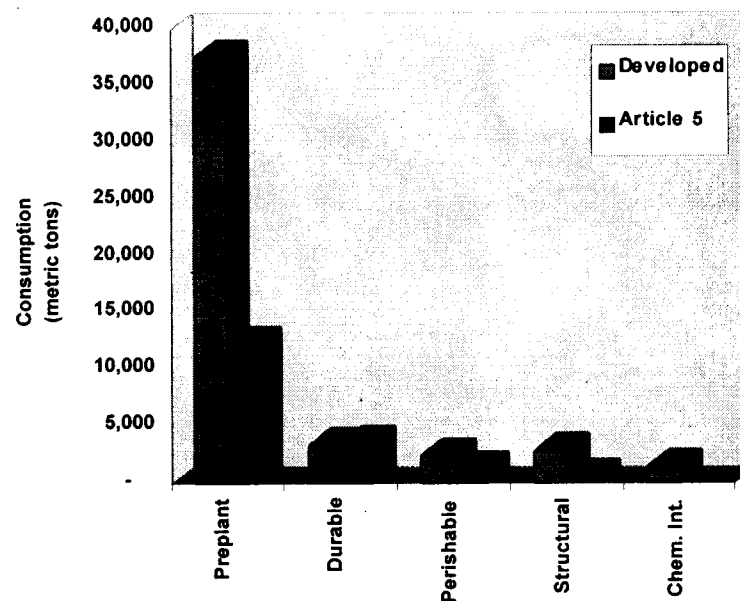
Global Methyl Bromide Consumption by End Use

Methyl Bromide Consumption Worldwide by End Use (1996)

End Use	Consumption (metric tons)	Consumption (lbs.)	Percent of Category	Percent of Total
Developed	47,495	104,677,944		73%
Preplant	37,521	82,695,576	79%	
Durable	3,325	7,327,456	7%	
Perishable	2,375	5,233,897	5%	
Commodity	5,699	12,561,353	12%	
Structural	2,850	6,280,677	6%	
Chemical Intermediate	1,425	3,140,338	3%	
Developing (Article 5)	17,566	38,716,500		27%
Preplant	12,297	27,101,550	70%	
Durable	3,513	7,743,300	20%	
Perishable	1,230	2,710,155	7%	
Commodity	4,743	10,453,455	27%	
Structural	703	1,548,660	4%	
Total Consumption	65,061	143,394,444		100%

Sources: UNEP 1995, ICF 1996 and 1997.

Worldwide Methyl Bromide Consumption by End Use (1996)



Worldwide Methyl Bromide Usage by End Use

- Consumption of methyl bromide in developed and developing (Article 5) countries combined was approximately 65,000 metric tons in 1996. Developed countries consume approximately 73 percent and Article 5 countries consume approximately 27 percent of total methyl bromide consumption annually.
- The largest usage of methyl bromide worldwide is for soil fumigation with approximately 50,000 metric tons consumed for this purpose, annually. Methyl bromide is also used to fumigate durable and perishable commodities, to fumigate structures, and as a chemical intermediate.
- Developed countries with the largest total consumption of methyl bromide include the United States, Japan, Italy, France, Belgium, and South Africa.
- Article 5 countries with the largest annual consumption of methyl bromide include Mexico, Brazil, Turkey, Morocco, Zimbabwe, and Costa Rica.